

## DEPUTY SHOT IN FIGHT WITH RUSTLER GANG

One Officer Killed and Another  
Fatally Wounded in Pitched  
Battle With Horse Thieves  
Near Folsom.

### SHORT SHRIFT FOR SLAYERS IF CAUGHT

Posse Scouring the Country;  
Noted Outlaw Captured and  
Stolen Stock Rounded Up.

[Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal.]

Folsom, N. M., July 2.—J. K. Kent, deputy sheriff, and Sam Williams, member of the same posse, fell victims to the gang of outlaws which has been terrorizing this section in an early hour this morning when Kent was killed outright and Williams fatally wounded in a fierce pitched battle with desperadoes twenty-five miles south of here.

A posse composed of determined men from Folsom and Clayton is out scouring the country for the murderers and they are likely to receive but little mercy if caught. The killing of the officers coming on top of the long series of thefts committed by an organized gang of rustlers in this part of the territory has raised popular feeling to a high pitch and it will likely be a case of short shrift for the men who killed the deputies.

Kent, Williams and Gay Mellon have been leaders in the pursuit of the outlaws and recovering the stock stolen from ranchmen in this section. Kent and Williams had just returned from Kansas with seven head of horses which had been stolen from the Kings and Fernandez ranches and had arrested and jailed Clarence Hamilton, the famous outlaw recently discharged after serving a term in the penitentiary and suspected of being the ringleader in the thefts from the Fernandez ranch, where thirty-four head of horses were driven off by the rustlers.

At two o'clock this morning Kent, Williams and Mellon went out from John King's ranch, twenty-five miles south, to arrest the Jambon brothers, for whom they had warrants charging horse-stealing. The three men soon came upon a bunch of rustlers, believed to include the Jambon brothers, and shots were as exchanged the battle growing hotter as the thieves fled before the posse turning to fire as they went. It is believed that some of the shots of the posse took effect and that further reports will show some of the rustlers killed or wounded.

The people of northeast New Mexico are determined to put a stop in some manner to the long series of thefts of horses and cattle which have occurred here for the past six months, the gang of rustlers growing more daring and impudent with each theft. Whole herds of horses have been driven over the state line, and there is hardly a ranchman in this vicinity who has not suffered from the depredations of these criminals.

### ENGLISH BARON FOUND DEAD IN YUMA STATION

Yuma, Ariz., July 2.—Papers among the effects of a mysterious stranger found dead at the Southern Pacific station today indicate that the body is that of Sir Arthur Stepany of London, an English baron of large estates and scientist of distinction. His mission to Arizona at this season was evidently to increase his entomological collection.

The man died in Yuma yesterday and registered at the Southern Pacific hotel as W. C. Stepany of Seattle. Today he was found dead in the train conductors' room of the station. A coroner's jury presented a verdict that he came to his death from the excessive use of alcoholic drink.

Gold and notes to the amount of several hundred dollars were found on his person and receipts and bank notes among his effects show that he had on deposit in a Los Angeles bank \$12,000. Among the memoranda of his papers was the address of his English solicitors and they have been called for instructions as to what shall be done with the body.

### NAME DOES NOT APPEAR IN WHO'S WHO DIRECTORY

New York, July 2.—The name of Sir Arthur Stepany does not appear in "Who's Who." Sir Emile Algeron Arthur Keppel Cowell-Stepany is a large English land owner possessing about 10,000 acres. He is a member of a well-known London club. He was born in 1854.

### Federal Grand Jury Adjourns.

New York, July 2.—The federal grand jury adjourned today, until July 7 when it is expected a further investigation will be made into the American Sugar Refining company's affairs.

## TAFT TAX PLAN ADOPTED BY THE SENATE

### AMENDMENT AGREED TO BY RECORD VOTE

Senators Stand Sixty to Eleven  
in Favor of Plan as Substitute  
for Income Tax Proposed by  
Bailey and Cummins.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Washington, July 2.—The corporation tax amendment, suggested by President Taft, drawn by Attorney General Wickersham and presented to the senate by Senator Aldrich, chairman of the committee on finance, is an integral part of the tariff bill, as that bill now stands.

The senate reached a vote on the proposition shortly before adjourning at 7 o'clock this evening and the amendment was agreed to by the large vote of 60 to 11. With all modifying amendments disposed of, many democrats voted with most of the republicans for the amendment. Only three democrats voted against the provision on the final vote, but some refrained from voting at all.

The test vote was on the substitution of the corporation tax amendment for the income tax proposition and on that vote forty-five senators cast their ballots in the affirmative and 31 in the negative. On this ballot all the democratic votes were cast in favor of the income tax which also received the support of a number of the insurgent republicans.

The income tax question disposed of, the senate tomorrow will enter upon the administrative features of the tariff bill, probably taking up the maximum and minimum rates provision. The reaching of a vote came as somewhat of a surprise to a large majority of the senators but not to Senator Aldrich and his interests. Mr. Aldrich himself had become confident from the time of his arrival in the senate early in the day after a brief vacation that he would succeed in getting a vote before adjournment.

The debate was somewhat more animated than yesterday and there was a steady fire of oratory from the beginning of the session at 10 o'clock until 4:30 o'clock this evening.

During the time Senators Heyburn, Newlands, Rayner, Brandegee, Root and Aldrich discussed all phases of the income tax questions. Of these Mr. Newlands was the last speaker. Mr. Aldrich then asked for a unanimous agreement for a vote on the corporation tax amendment tomorrow at 1 o'clock. Mr. Aldrich had previously been conferring with Messrs. Bailey, Cummins, Brandegee and other opponents of the amendments, and it was generally supposed that they had reached an understanding that the vote be taken tomorrow. When it seemed that such a compact was probable, Senator Cummins made an objection.

Iowa's senator opposed the agreement because the provision would be amendable in case it should be substituted for the Lodge countervailing duty, which everyone understood would result. His theory was that there should be a square vote on the issue as it had been presented and no vote on any amendment which might now be presented and on which there would be no opportunity for debate. He therefore, entered objection to the unanimous agreement, that not only had the effect of preventing the fixing of the vote for tomorrow out of forcing it today.

Even after Mr. Cummins' objection had been recorded, and Mr. Aldrich had called for a vote it looked as if he would be disappointed. Senator Frazier who has been a supporter of the income tax amendment and an opponent of the corporation tax was absent on account of illness.

Mr. Bailey announced his determination to hold the floor until Mr. Frazier could make his appearance. Mr. Frazier soon came in and thereupon the Texas senator yielded.

The first vote was upon the motion to substitute the corporation tax amendment for the Lodge countervailing duty amendment and this prevailed by a vote of 45 to 21. The affirmative vote was cast entirely by republicans even Senator McKury of Louisiana, who has voted with the majority side for all protective measures, throwing his ballot with his own party.

The republicans who voted with the democrats in the negative were: Messrs. Brandegee, Bristow, Bulky, Clapp, Cummins, Doherty and La Follette.

Immediately following Mr. Lodge withdrew his amendment and a vote was taken on a motion to substitute the corporation tax amendment for the income tax amendment offered jointly by Messrs. Bailey and Cummins. The result was an exact counterpart of the vote on the previous roll call.

Next in order came the vote upon the corporation tax provision upon its own merits, but before this ballot could be reached Mr. Bacon sought to obtain action of two amendments presented by himself, both of which Mr. Aldrich moved to lay upon this table with successful result.

The first of these amendments provided for an exemption of educational, charitable and religious institutions, against which Mr. Aldrich made his first point of order. The effect of the point of order was to cut off debate

but Mr. Aldrich chanced to drop the remark that he would "allow" Mr. Bacon to proceed. The form of the expression increased the anger of the Georgia senator and he retorted sharply that he was not surprised that Mr. Aldrich should assume such a manner because he had been dictating to the senate so long that he was accustomed to use language of that kind. When the amendment was laid on the table 42 to 32 the Georgia senator immediately presented another amendment requesting the taxation of bonds which was rejected 41 to 34.

The final vote was then taken. It was upon agreeing to the corporation tax amendment as a part of the tariff bill. This amendment was adopted by the vote 60 to 11.

Of eleven negative votes eight were cast by republicans and three by democrats, the republicans being Brandegee, Bulky, Clapp, Cummins, Doherty, Heyburn and La Follette and the democrats, Chamberlain, Hughes, and Shively.

### COMMITTEE VOTES FOR BAN ON TOBACCO COUPON

Washington, July 2.—Decision to recommend the prohibition of price coupons in tobacco and snuff packages, and practical agreement to increase on most of the provisions of the tobacco schedule in the administrative portion of the tariff bill, were reported at a long session of the republican members of a sub-committee of the finance committee today.

The increase will be made not only in the tax proposed by the house on cut and plug tobacco, but also on cigars, cigarettes and snuff.

## WOMAN BITTEN BY ALLIGATOR

American Reptile Trainer Has  
Narrow Escape From Death  
When Vicious Pet Turns on  
Her.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Paris, July 2.—"Princess Sylvia," an alligator trainer, said to be an American, was attacked by an alligator today in the presence of a big crowd at Luna park, while putting the vicious reptile, which had recently been brought from Florida, through a series of exercises. The alligator seized and crushed the woman's right arm in its jaws. The trainer drew a revolver with her left hand and emptied five shots in the alligator's head, but it got to its feet and the woman was removed from the cage. Her injuries are not fatal.

### Collier Nero Hard Aground.

Newport, R. I., July 2.—Strenuous, but ineffectual efforts to release the United States collier Nero from the rocks off Brenton's reef, while the weather remained calm, were made today. Should a southeast gale spring up, the Nero would be in great peril.

## MAD MACHINIST AT LARGE IN LAS VEGAS

### DOBBINS MAKES ESCAPE FROM INSANE ASYLUM

Railroad Man Who Lost Reason in Mexican Prisons Defies Efforts of Officers to Locate Him.

[Special Dispatch to the Morning Journal.]

Las Vegas, N. M., July 2.—C. W. R. Dobbins an insane Santa Fe mechanic managed to evade the vigilance of the guards at the territorial insane asylum here some time last night and up to a late hour tonight was still at liberty, although every effort has been made since his escape by the city police the city officers and the Santa Fe railroad detectives to locate the lunatic. Dobbins is a violent and dangerous maniac and considerable apprehension prevails here over his escape. The city and environs are being raked with a fine tooth comb by the authorities and it is hardly possible the fugitive can get far away. Dobbins was recommitted to the asylum from the penitentiary at Santa Fe where he was held for safe keeping as a jail prisoner from Colfax county being charged with the malicious destruction of railroad property at Raton where it is alleged he put emery in the oil cups of locomotives. His insanity it is alleged is due to barbarous cruelties he endured while in the Mexican juskado at Monterey, Mexico, awaiting extradition to this territory for the alleged offense at Raton. It is believed the man will make superhuman efforts to make good his escape if he hears the Santa Fe detectives are on his trail for they chased him relentlessly from one end of the southwest to the other after his flight from Raton finally locating him in Monterey, where he was arrested and jailed and later extradited.

## FAMOUS RATON COAL FIELDS MAY BE SOLD

### THREE GREAT RAILROADS RIVALS FOR THE PROPERTY

Santa Fe, Rock Island and  
Burlington Companies Credit-  
ed With Desire to Purchase  
Van Houten Interests.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Denver, July 2.—It became known today that three railroads are investigating the famous Raton coal fields of northern New Mexico with the idea of purchasing the interests of the St. Louis, Rocky Mountain and Pacific railroad company, the holding company, which owns a line of railroad running to the fields from Des Moines, N. M., and controls over 500,000 acres of land which is underlaid with excellent steam and coking coal.

The Santa Fe, it is reliably reported, has a corps of engineers surveying the field, and the Burlington and the Rock Island roads are testing the coal deposits and possible connections therewith. The Burlington is contiguous to the fields through possession of the Colorado & Southern railroad and the Rock Island can easily reach that section through the El Paso and Southwestern, a subsidiary line.

It is also stated that a number of officials of the Santa Fe are gathering in Denver, preparatory to leaving in a party for a personal inspection of the country referred to. Should either of the roads acquire the St. Louis, Rocky Mountain & Pacific road and its coal lands, an expenditure of \$29,000,000 will be required.

## SUFFRAGE HAS SPOTLIGHT IN NEW YORK

### MOVEMENT ON EVERY TONGUE SAYS REPORT

National Headquarters of Pro-  
paganda Ordered Removal to  
Metropolis Where Money and  
Enthusiasm Are Plentiful.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Seattle, July 2.—The American Woman Suffrage association decided today to establish national headquarters in New York City.

When discussion of the removal from Washington was begun, some delegates objected on the ground of the heavy cost of maintenance in New York. They were assured, however, that plenty of money was obtainable in New York and had been definitely pledged; that the suffrage movement was on every tongue in the great city and had entered on a new era.

The national officers are trying to effect a compromise of the split in the Washington state organization. The delegations from Spokane are holding sessions in an office opposite the church where the national convention meets. The national body voted unanimously to admit two Spokane delegates without a vote, pending investigation of their protest to the national body. This concession on the insurgent side accepted and took the two seats.

Henry B. Blackwell of Massachusetts submitting the report of the committee on presidential suffrage today contended that under a supreme court decision, legislatures could, by a majority vote, give women the privilege of voting for presidential electors. Chairman Lucius Ames Meade, of the committee on peace and arbitration, in her report said:

Women, though hating war, quite frequently as men are deluded by the idea that peace can be insured only by huge armaments. It is the question whether woman's suffrage would greatly lessen the vote for these supposed preventatives of war. But there is no question that further reliance on reason and less on force, would exalt respect for woman and would relieve the objection that woman's muscular inferiority had anything to do with suffrage.

Reports from states where suffrage propositions were pending were made by Miss Abigail Scott Duniway of Oregon; by Mrs. Emma Smith Devoe, for Washington; by Kate H. Biggers, for Oklahoma; and by Alice May Pickler for South Dakota. Tonight the national college of equal suffrage leagues held a meeting which was ad-

dressed by Miss Caroline Lexow of New York, Mrs. Eva Emery Dye of Oregon, Miss Adella M. Parker of Seattle and Professor Frances Squire Potter of Minneapolis.

### FIREMAN SUCCUMBS TO FRIGHTFUL BURNS

Vallejo, Cal., July 2.—Benjamin F. King, fireman, second class, who was badly scalded by the bursting of a boiler tube aboard the destroyer Hull last Tuesday, died very suddenly at the Mare Island hospital today.

He appeared to be better this morning and was allowed to talk to several friends who visited the hospital. Immediately after their departure he swung himself over on his side and was dead when the attendant next looked at him.

The other four men injured on the Hull are all recovering rapidly.

### Cotton Crop Condition.

Washington, July 2.—The condition of the cotton in the United States averaged 74.6 per cent of a normal on June 25, last, according to today's department of agriculture report. This is against 81.1 on May 15 last, on June 25, last, according to today's and two years ago 72.

The average condition on June 25 for ten years was 50.8.

The condition of the cotton crop in Texas and Oklahoma for June 25, 1909, June 25, 1908, and ten-year average respectively follows:  
Texas, 79 and 86 and 80.  
Oklahoma, 84 and 64 and 82.

## BODY NOT THAT OF LEON LING

Father of Elsie Sigel Positive  
Corpse Taken From Hudson  
Never Housed Soul of Missing  
Chinese Murderer.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

New York, July 2.—Paul Sigel, the father of Elsie Sigel, visited the Fordham morgue today and pronounced positively that the body recovered last night from the Hudson river is not that of Leon Ling, the man accused of the murder of his daughter on June 5. A coroner's physician previously declared that the body was not that of a Chinaman, but a white boy apparently about 16 years old.

The district attorney's office has requisitioned from the telegraph company copies of any message which may have been delivered to the Chinese restaurant-keeper who discovered Elsie Sigel's body.

### Two Hurt in Trolley Car Crash.

St. Louis, July 2.—Two persons were probably fatally injured and several others hurt in a collision, early today on Euclid avenue, between trolley cars returning from a summer garden.

## NAVY OFFICERS RETIRE UNDER COMPULSION

### SPERRY PLUCKING BOARD SELECTS NINE VICTIMS

Captain Quattrough, Convicted  
of Drinking Too Much at Tan-  
gier, Among Men Placed on  
the Shelf.

[By Morning Journal Special Leased Wire]

Washington, July 2.—Five captains, one commander and three lieutenant commanders of the navy, the selection of the Sperry "plucking board" today were retired under the navy personnel act after approval by President Taft.

They include Captain Edward E. Quattrough, who was commander of the battleship Georgia during the trip around the world of the Atlantic battleships and who was suspended from duty for six months following a court martial at Tangier on charges of intoxication and unbecoming conduct.

The other officers retired are Captain Francis H. Mahan, Captain of the Puget Sound navy yard, Bremerton, Washington, Alexander McCracken, commander of the battleship Indiana, and Captain of the Philadelphia navy yard, and William W. Rush, in charge of the navy recruiting station at Oklahoma City, Okla., and Charles T. Jewell, executive officer of the cruiser Chattanooga. The captains are retired with the rank of commodore, the commanders with the rank of captain, and the lieutenant commanders with the rank of commander.

These retirements create the forty vacancies above the grade of junior lieutenant required each year by law.

## COUNCIL ORDERS CONSUMERS TO PRACTICE ECONOMY IN USE OF WATER

### IRRIGATION RESTRICTED TO TWO HOURS EACH EVENING

Two Hours and a Half of Wrangling Required to Pass Resolution Upon Which Council and Water Company Are Agreed; Company Declares Consumption is Extraordinary and Supply Is Greater Than in Same Season in Any Previous Year; Water Committee Not Ready to Report on Situation

"Whereas, there is a serious shortage in the water supply, and whereas, the water company has requested the city council to restrict the use of water for irrigation purposes from 6 to 8 p. m., and also to conserve the use of water as much as possible;  
"Now, therefore, be it resolved, that all water-users be required to confine the use of water for irrigation purposes between the hours of 6 and 8 p. m., and to conserve the use of water as much as possible until further orders from the council.  
"Resolved, that this resolution shall take effect immediately."

The above resolution was passed last night at a special meeting of the city council by unanimous vote, after two hours and a half had been consumed in a wrangle over a proposition upon which the councilmen and the water company were practically agreed to start with. Capt. W. H. Gillenwater of the Water Supply company, who was present and addressed the aldermen, proposed that irrigation be confined to one hour in the evening, but agreed with little objection to the two-hour limit, stating, however, that in view of what he termed the extraordinary consumption, the two-hour irrigation period might possibly tax the reservoir, in which case it would be necessary to shut off the pressure.

During the somewhat warm evening spent by the city fathers in the mayor's office, most of them were talking at once and it looked for a time as if it might never be possible to bring order out of the sweltering chaos, but by half-past ten o'clock the matter came to a head after a discussion lasting about one hour as to what properly constitutes a shortage of water. Mr. Gillenwater would not admit from the company's standpoint that there is a shortage, on the ground that the company is pumping 250 gallons per capita, an amount of water which he alleges is much greater than ever before pumped at this period of the year, and nearly 150 gallons more per head than the average per capita consumption figured, according to Captain Gillenwater from a large number of cities. "Four years ago we furnished 180 gallons per capita," he said.

The mayor stated, with some reason, that if there was no shortage of water he wondered what the council was holding the meeting about and what use would be of action in the matter. Alderman Beaven wanted the water turned on full pressure at once if no shortage existed, and Dr. Wroth, after going downstairs with a glass to get a drink of water brought back the empty glass with a confirmed conviction that there was indeed a shortage. His attention was, however, called to the fact that it was after nine o'clock, the hour at which the company shuts off the water at present.

Captain Gillenwater stood pat on his proposition that the company was pumping more water than ever before at this time of the year; that it was delivering the goods and that the tax on the supply was due to "abnormal consumption or waste" at the aqueduct. "The company," he holds, "is delivering water, that it is fulfilling its contract when it delivers an amount of water which any reasonable man would consider equal to the normal demand."

The mayor opined that the Water company was obliged to supply water enough to answer any possible demand made upon it by the consumers. The resolution, as first drafted, stated in the preamble that "whereas the water company reports a shortage of water, etc." Captain Gillenwater objected most emphatically to this part of the resolution, saying that the company did not report any such thing, and, after an interminable discussion, this part of the resolution was eliminated, the council taking the oath of the statement that there is an actual shortage of water at this time.

The debate as to when a shortage is not a shortage got so animated at times that the marshes looked anxious and the board of health which sat near the door edged apprehensively in that direction.

Committee Not Ready to Report.  
The bill was opened by the report of Chairman Conroy of the Water committee that the committee wanted further time to investigate before reporting on the water situation. The council granted the committee the desired extension of time.

The mayor asked Captain Gillenwater to give the council some information on the situation. Captain Gillenwater said that the company is delivering more water per capita than ever before; that the consumption is greater per head than it has ever been "here or anywhere else."

A substitute motion by Alderman